

Common Bottlenose Dolphins of O'ahu



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HITt0220 ♀ sighted 2003-2022



© Paul Johnson

HITt0228 ♀ sighted 2003-2020



© Wild Side Specialty Tours/Wild Dolphin Foundation

HITt0524 ♀ sighted 2007-2016



© Wild Side Specialty Tours/Wild Dolphin Foundation

HITt0773 sighted 2007-2022



© Chuck Babbitt

HITt1086 ♀ sighted 2013-2022



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HITt1087 sighted 2016-2022



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HITt1091 sighted 2011-2022

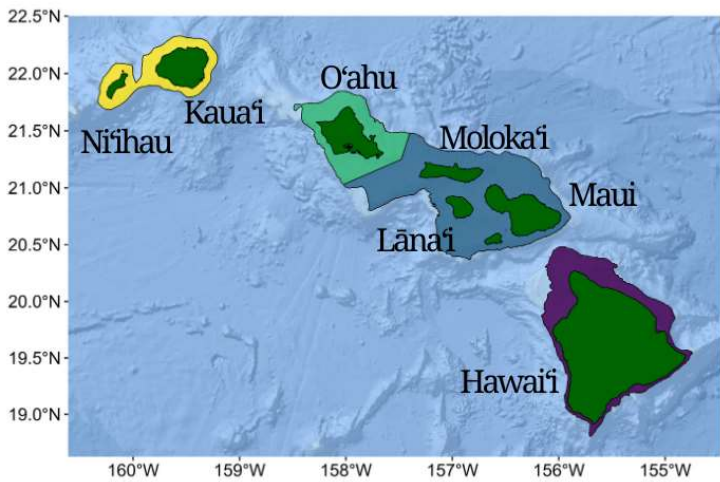


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HITt1108 ♀ sighted 2007-2022

Common Bottlenose Dolphins of O‘ahu

The Hawaiian Islands are home to five distinct populations of common bottlenose dolphins (*Tursiops truncatus*), including four island-associated resident populations centered around Kaua‘i and Ni‘ihau, O‘ahu, Maui Nui, and Hawai‘i Island, and a rarely-seen offshore population that lives in deeper waters. Each of these populations is genetically and behaviorally distinctive. With the exception of the Hawai‘i Island population, there is evidence that bottlenose dolphin populations in Hawai‘i are currently in decline.



We’ve found that island-associated bottlenose dolphins love shallow water, and are most frequently seen in waters under 500 m (~1,650 ft) deep. Recently though, we’ve discovered that some bottlenose dolphins from O‘ahu occasionally travel as far east as Lāna‘i and Moloka‘i! Here, you can see the recognized boundaries of each island-associated population in Hawaiian waters.



To contribute photos, scan the QR code, or email hawaii@cascadiaresearch.org



Bottlenose dolphins eat a wide variety of reef-associated and nearshore fish species. They are capable of incredibly deep foraging dives: the deepest we’ve ever recorded was to 896 m (2,940 ft)!



Remoras, also called whalesuckers, can use their modified dorsal fins to hitch a ride on bottlenose dolphins, often resulting in skin damage. Several species of dolphins in Hawai‘i have been observed trying to get rid of these hitchhikers.

Satellite tags that track both locations and dive behavior are currently being used to learn more about where and how bottlenose dolphins spend their time. Here you can see a satellite tag trackline from a bottlenose dolphin tagged off O‘ahu in 2016, along with an image of the tag attached to the dorsal fin.



Scan the QR code to explore the different species of Hawaiian whales!